funds to corporation's tax liabilities. Accordingly, Plaintiff has consistently sought an accounting of the payments received by the IRS in an effort to determine whether those payments were properly credited.

In each of the cases, Plaintiff contends that the IRS levied funds sufficient to fully pay the tax liabilities of the corporation. According to the Plaintiff, an accounting of the levied funds will show an overpayment of the taxes and establish that a refund is due. See paragraph 20 of Amended Complaint in Case No. C-07-3102-WHA; Sharon de Edwards, M.D. v. Internal Revenue Service, Case No. 04-5025-PJH (N.D. Cal.); F. Anthony Edwards a/k/a Fernando Edwards v. Commissioner, Docket No. 5022-05L (U.S. Tax Court).

Plaintiff commenced the above-captioned case by filing a complaint seeking an accounting which allegedly will establish that a refund is due to the corporation. Sharon De Edwards, M.D. v. Internal Revenue Service, et al., Case No. C 06-07116 WHA. Concurrent with the filing of the district court action, Plaintiff filed requests for Collection Due Process ("CDP") hearings with the Appeals Division of the Internal Revenue Service. Through the CDP hearings, Plaintiff also seeks the same accounting for the levied funds. Because Plaintiff had administrative Collection Due Process proceedings pending at the same time as the district court action, and the issues were the same, the parties stipulated to dismissal of the district court proceeding without prejudice in order to allow Plaintiff the opportunity to resolve the dispute administratively. By Order dated March 15, 2007, this Court granted the parties request and dismissed the action without prejudice to refiling the complaint on or before July 13, 2007. See Exhibit D to First Amended Complaint for Refund of Taxes.

Subsequent to the March 15, 2007 Order dismissing the district court action, the following two events occurred with respect to the CDP administrative proceedings:

1. On April 19, 2007, an additional request for a CDP hearing was received by the IRS Appeals Division. The hearing was scheduled to occur telephonically on July 10, 2007;

¹Although the caption is in Mr.Edwards'name, he brings up Mrs. Edwards' taxes in the petition.

US Request for Approval to File Supplement to Opposition to Motion for a Preliminary Injunction , C-07-3102-WHA

Because the IRS Appeals Division had not yet rendered its decision, on or about June 13, 2007, Plaintiff re-filed a Complaint "out of an abundance of caution..." Amended Complaint, paragraph 22. Plaintiff alleges that the complaint was not served "so as to allow the IRS Office of Appeal more time to comply with providing the report." Amended Complaint, paragraph 22.

By Order entered September 27, 2007, the Court ordered Plaintiff to serve Defendants by October 27, 2007. To date, the individual defendants have not been served with process. The United States of America, the real party in interest, has not been served. The docket does not show service of process upon any defendant to date.

On October 15, 2007, Plaintiff filed a Motion for Preliminary Injunction seeking to enjoin the IRS from administrative collection activities.

Pursuant to this Court's request, the United States responded to the Motion for Preliminary Injunction on October 16, 2007.

Subsequent to the government's response, on October 24, 2007, the IRS Appeals Division issued its Decision Letter and Notices of Determination. The issues underlying the Collection Due Process hearings are the same as the issue raised in this action - whether the taxpayer has presented evidence to show that the monies collected by levy were not properly applied to the corporation's federal tax liabilities. See Exhibits 1 through 6 to Stier Declaration.

The United States seeks leave to Supplement its Opposition to Motion for a Preliminary

28

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

Declaration, page 5.

Injunction to submit the findings of the IRS Appeals Division. 1 2 Findings of the IRS Appeals Division - CDP Hearing 3 The IRS Appeals Officer considered the following issues raised by the taxpayer corporation for the following tax periods: **Decision Letter - Exhibit 3 to Stier Declaration** Form 941 employment tax liability for all four quarters of 1996; Form 941 employment tax liability for all four quarters of 1997; Form 941 employment tax liability for first three quarters of 2005. 9 **Notice of Determination Letter - Exhibit 2 to Stier Declaration** 10 Form 941 employment tax liability for first and second quarters of 2006; 11 Civil Penalty for period ending December 31, 2003 (26 U.S.C. §6721). Notice of Determination Letter - Exhibit 1 to Stier Declaration 12 13 Form 941 employment tax liability for first three quarters of 1998; Form 940 employment tax liability for 2005. 14 Notice of Determination Letter - Exhibit 4 to Stier Declaration 15 16 Form 941 employment tax liability for third quarter of 2006. 17 **Summary of Determination** 18 19 The IRS Appeals Officer sustained the filed Notices of Federal Tax Lien and sustained 20 administrative collection activity. The taxpayer submitted numerous documents which failed to 21 support the allegation that the taxes had been paid in full. See page 2 of Exhibits 1, 2 and 4 and page 1 of Exhibit 3. 22

Issues Raised by Taxpayer

1. Tax Liabilities

Taxpayer alleged that the IRS tax amounts were incorrect. The Appeals Officer compared the tax liabilities reported on the Forms 941 provided by the taxpayer and the IRS transcripts and found that the amount of tax matched. See page

28

23

24

25

26

27

4

5

6

7

8

US Request for Approval to File Supplement to Opposition to Motion for a Preliminary Injunction, C-07-3102-WHA

2. Tax Returns Timely Filed.

Taxpayer alleged that the Forms 941 and 940 had been timely filed but provided no evidence of the date of filing. The Appeals Officer relied on current computer information and transcripts to determine the date of filing of these returns. Accordingly, taxpayer presented no evidence to refute the IRS transcripts.

3. Tax Assessments Invalid

Taxpayer alleges the tax assessments are not valid because they were not timely assessed, because the IRS failed to timely notify the taxpayer of the assessments and because the IRS filed multiple liens. The Appeals Officer reviewed the transcripts to determine that the assessments were timely as they showed that the assessments were made when the tax returns were filed. As stated above, the taxpayer provided no evidence to show the tax returns were filed on dates other than those set forth in the IRS transcripts. Pursuant to the transcripts, the assessments are timely. The IRS transcripts show that notices were timely sent to the taxpayer. This issue is also dependent on the filing date of the tax returns. The issue concerning the filing of multiple Notices of Federal Tax Lien does not affect the validity of the assessment.

4. Taxpayer billed for another company's tax liability.

IRS transcripts revealed that a notice sent to the taxpayer's address stated a different taxpayer with an Employment Identification Number different from the taxpayer. The Appeals Officer reviewed the IRS transcripts and found that the taxpayer was not charged/assessed with the liability for the other taxpayer.

5. Payment Application.

Taxpayer submitted over 800 documents alleging that the payments were not properly applied to the taxpayer's outstanding tax accounts. The Appeals Officer reviewed the documents and determined:

(1) Taxpayer alleged that specific payments were applied to the sole proprietorship. The Appeals Officer reviewed the payments and determined they were not applied to the sole proprietorship.

(2) The 800 documents provided were analyzed by the Appeals Officer and to the extent possible, the payments were shown on a spreadsheet. See Exhibits ____, ___ and ____ to Stier Declaration. To the extent that the Appeals Officer could analyze the documents provided, the spreadsheet shows the application of payments to the tax liability. See Exhibit ____. To the extent that the document could not be traced, the Appeals Officer noted the reason in the "Comments." Many of the alleged payments could not be traced because (1) taxpayer provided very few canceled checks; (2) taxpayer provided few canceled checks which shoed both sides of check to verify endorsement by IRS; (3) some checks showed endorsement by non-IRS individuals.

6. Payments Not Applied Timely

Taxpayer alleged that additional penalties and interest accrued because the IRS failed to timely apply levy payments. The Appeals Officer reviewed computer information, case file documentation and taxpayer's documentation and determined that the vendors often sent a copy of the notices of levy attachment to the taxpayer on a date earlier than the levied funds were sent to the IRS.

7. Designation of levy payments.

The Appeals Officer found that the payments were applied to tax, then penalty and interest in accordance with the Internal Revenue Manual. To the extent that taxpayer may be arguing the right to designate the levy payments to a certain tax quarter, the taxpayer is misguided.

8. Taxes Paid in Full

Taxpayer claims to have overpaid taxes in the amount of approximately \$82,000. The Appeals Officer, pursuant to IRS transcripts, determined that the taxpayer owes \$181,343.50, calculated through October 31, 2007. That amount includes \$71,095.00 in tax, with statutory additions accruing at the rate of \$952.85 per month.

9. Bankruptcy

Taxpayer alleged that the IRS improperly applied payments from the corporation to the corporate officer's older sole proprietorship liability. The Appeals Officer reviewed the alleged

payments in dispute and concluded that they were not applied to the sole proprietorship liabilities.

10. Timeliness of IRS actions.

Taxpayer alleges that the IRS created or contributed to tax liabilities by failing to take rapid collection action. The Appeals Officer determined that the taxpayer's repeated failure to file required tax returns and information timely and/or failure to pay taxes on time for over a decade resulted in tax liabilities. The IRS records also show that the IRS has taken enforced collection activity.

11. Interest and Penalty abatement

Taxpayer seeks interest and penalty abatement on the grounds that the tax returns were timely filed and IRS collection was not taken timely. The Appeals Officer rejected this request on the grounds that the IRS transcripts did not show timely returns filed and the obligation to timely file and pay taxes belongs to the taxpayer.

12. Lien withdrawal

Taxpayer requests withdrawal of the Notices of Federal Tax Lien on the grounds that the taxes have been overpaid. The Appeals Officer rejected this request because pursuant to IRS transcripts, taxpayer owes \$181,343.50, calculated through October 31, 2007. That amount includes \$71,095.00 in tax, with statutory additions accruing at the rate of \$952.85 per month.

13. Offer in compromise

Taxpayer failed to submit the appropriate forms and this issue could not be considered.

14. On going collection activity

The taxpayer requested that the IRS cease forced collection during the pendency of the present hearings. Pursuant to 26 U.S.C. §6030(e), "the levy actions which are the subject of the requested hearing shall be suspended for the period during which such hearing, and appeals therein, are pending." The current levy activities are with respect to tax periods for which taxpayer had a prior CDP hearing or for which periods for which hearing were not timely requested.

Preliminary Injunction, C-07-3102-WHA

1 **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** 2 I, KATHY TAT declare: 3 That I am a citizen of the United States of America and employed in San Francisco County, California; that my business address is Office of United States Attorney, 450 Golden Gate 4 5 Avenue, Box 36055, San Francisco, California 94102; that I am over the age of eighteen years, 6 and am not a party to the above-entitled action. 7 I am employed by the United States Attorney for the Northern District of California and 8 discretion to be competent to serve papers. The undersigned further certifies that I caused a copy 9 of the following: 10 UNITED STATES' REQUEST FOR APPROVAL TO FILE SUPPLEMENT TO OPPOSITION TO MOTION FOR A PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION and DECLARATION OF CYNTHIA STIER IN SUPPORT OF UNITED STATES' REQUEST 11 FOR APPROVAL TO FILE SUPPLEMENT TO OPPOSITION TO MOTION FOR A 12 PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION to be served this date upon the party(ies) in this action by placing a true copy thereof in a sealed 13 envelope, and served as follows: 14 FIRST CLASS MAIL by placing such envelope(s) with postage thereon fully prepaid in the designated area for outgoing U.S. mail in accordance with this office's practice. 15 X PERSONAL SERVICE (BY MESSENGER/HAND DELIVERED) 16 17 FACSIMILE (FAX) No.: 18 to the parties addressed as follows: 19 F. Anthony Edwards Law Offices of F. Anthony Edwards 20 1850 Mt. Diablo Blvd., Ste. 650 Walnut Creek, CA 94596 21 22 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the foregoing is 23 true and correct. 24 Executed on October 31, 2007 at San Francisco, California. 25 26 27 /s/ Kathy Tat **KATHY TAT** 28 Legal Assistant